





SPECIAL PUBLICATION ARCSL-SP-78002



A GLOSSARY OF SELECTED AQUATIC ECOLOGICAL TERMS

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January 1978





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PREFACE

This glossary was prepared to supplement the reports of aquatic ecological surveys published by the Ecology Branch, Environmental Technology Division, CSL.

This glossary is intended to provide familiarity and understanding of technical terminology specific to the discipline of aquatic ecology and will serve as a convenient reference for all professionally trained persons concerned with water pollution control.

Definitions have been extracted from selected references as listed.

Terms specifically identifying or describing organisms have generally been excluded from this work. For this information the reader is referred to the selected references presented in the appendix. Glossaries of terminology related to other disciplines concerned with water pollution control are also listed in the appendix.

Terms underscored in a definition are separately defined in this glossary. Where appropriate, closely associated or related terms are cited parenthetically, (see _____), following the definition. Specific synonyms are noted, in italics, with the listed word.

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Pertaining to factors or influences which have no biological origin.

A GLOSSARY OF SELECTED AQUATIC ECOLOGICAL TERMS

acclimation	Physiological	and be	havioral	adjustments	of	an	organism	in
	response to	a change	in env	rironment, or	(se	e ad	laptation)	the

presence of a contaminant.

abiotic

acute toxicity Any toxic effect that is produced within a short period of time, usually 24 to 96 hours. Although the effect most frequently

considered is mortality, the end result of acute toxicity is not necessarily death; any harmful biological effect may be the results

(see chronic toxicity, direct toxicity).

adaptation Change in the structure, form or habits of an organism to adjust to changes in the existing environmental conditions (see acclimation).

aerobic Of or pertaining to organisms which live only in the presence of free oxygen; also processes which occur only in the presence of free oxygen; also modifies a condition characterized by an excess

of free oxygen in the aquatic environment (see anaerobic).

alga (P1. Algae) A simple plant, often microscopic, containing chlorophyll. Algae form the base of the food chain in aquatic environments. Some species create a nuisance when environmental conditions are

suitable for prolific growth (see chlorophyll, food chain).

allochthonous Pertaining to those substances, materials or organisms in a particular waterway which originate from runoff into that waterway or from tributaries of that waterway (see

autochthonous).

Pertaining to material (particularly sediment) that is transported alluvial

and deposited by running water.

Of or pertaining to living organisms or processes which occur in anaerobic

the absence of free oxygen; also conditions that are characterized

by the absence of free oxygen (see aerobic).

That layer in a body of water to which light does not penetrate aphotic zone with sufficient intensity to have any biological significance (see

euphotic zone).

aquatic vascular plants Higher aquatic plants.

artificial substrate A device placed in the water (for a specified period of time) that

provides living spaces for a multiplicity of organisms; e.g., glass slides, concrete blocks, multiplate samplers, rock-filled baskets, etc. The primary purpose of artificial substrates is to allow the investigator to collect organisms in areas where the physical habitat is limiting or cannot be adequately sampled using conventional methods. Results obtained from this sampling method are quantitative and can be compared to other artificial substrate samples gathered during the same period.

assimilation

- 1. Removal of dissolved or suspended materials from a water mass by biological, chemical and physical processes.
- 2. Conversion or incorporation of absorbed nutrients into body substances (see synthesis).

association

All organisms occupying a given habitat (see habitat).

autochthonous

Pertaining to those substances, materials, or organisms that originate within a particular waterway and remain in that waterway (see allochthonous).

aufwuchs

Periphyton.

autotrophic (holotrophic)

Self-nourishing; denoting those organisms that do not require an external source of organic material but can utilize light energy and manufacture their own food from inorganic materials; e.g., green plants, pigmented flagellates (see heterotrophic).

autotrophic index

A measure of the effect of organic matter in the stream, a value of 100 or greater indicates organic pollution. The index is the ratio of chlorophyll containing biomass (autotrophs) to nonchlorophyll biomass (heterotrophs) multiplied by 100 (see biomass, chlorophyll, autotrophic, heterotrophic).

bacteria

Microscopic, single-celled or noncellular plants, usually saprophytic or parasitic.

benthic region

The bottom of a waterway; the substratum that supports the benthos.

benthos

Organisms growing on or associated principally with the bottom of waterways. These include: (1) sessile animals such as sponges, barnacles, mussles, oysters, worms, and attached algae; (2) creeping forms such as snails, worms and immature insects; (3) burrowing forms, which include clams, worms, and some immature insects; and (4) fish; e.g., flounders, whose habits are more closely associated with the benthic region than other zones.

bioassay

A determination of the biological effect of some substance, factor or condition employing living organisms or cells as the indicator (see biomonitoring).

biological control

- 1. Use of natural <u>predators</u>, <u>parasites</u>, diseases, or viruses, to reduce or eliminate <u>pest organisms</u>; e.g., use of Gambusia to feed on mosquito larvae.
- 2. Control of organisms by interference with their physiological processes; e.g., sterilization of male flies.

biological magnification

The ability of certain organisms to remove substances from their environment and store them in their tissues at nontoxic levels. The concentration of these substances becomes greater in each higher step in the food chain (see enrichment factor).

biomass

The total amount of living material in a given <u>habitat</u> or area; or, an expression dealing with the total weight of a given <u>population</u> of organisms.

biomonitoring

- 1. Continuous surveillance of an effluent (or dilution thereof) by using living organisms into a receiving water.
- 2. Use of living organisms to test the quality of a receiving waterway downstream from a waste discharge (see bioassay).

biostimulation

A general term used to describe the complex set of factors involved in the growth of algae (and other organisms) in a receiving waterway due to the addition of nutrients.

biota

All life (plants and animals) of a region.

biotic factors (biological factors)

In ecology, those environmental factors; e.g. competition, predation, etc.; which are the result of living organisms and their activities; distinct from physical and chemical factors (see ecological factor).

bloodworms

Midge <u>larvae</u> (family Chironomidae). Many of the species have hemoglobin in the blood causing a red color and are often associated with rich organic deposits. This is also the common name for certain of the segmented true worms (family Tubificidae) (see sludgeworms).

bloom

A readily visible concentrated growth or aggregation of minute organisms, usually algae, in bodies of water. This may be caused by natural seasonal processes of nutrient cycling or by nutrients from a discharge of polluted wastewater.

carnivore

An animal that feeds on other animals (see herbivore).

carrying capacity

The maximum quantity of organisms a particular habitat can support over an extended period.

catastrophic drift

Massive drift of bottom organisms as a result of stress such as floods or toxicity (see drift organisms, incidental drift).

chemical stratification

The formation of layers of water in a lake that are of different densities. This density difference is caused by changes in the concentrations of dissolved substances in the water at different depths (see <u>stratification</u>).

chlorophyll

Green photosynthetic pigment present in many plant and some bacterial cells. There are seven known types of chlorophyll; their presence and abundance vary from one group of photosynthetic organisms to another.

chronic toxicity

<u>Toxicity</u>, determined from a long duration of testing, that produces an adverse effect on organisms. The end result of chronic toxicity can be death although the usual effects are sublethal; e.g., inhibition of reproduction, reduction of growth, etc. These effects are reflected by changes in the productivity and population structure of the community (see acute toxicity).

classification

The placing of organisms into groups (categories) according to established scientific procedures (see <u>taxonomy</u>).

clean water association

An <u>association</u> of organisms found in a natural, unpolluted <u>environment</u>. These associations are characterized by the presence of species that are sensitive to environmental changes caused by introduction of pollutants. In many cases the presence of a wide variety of species with relatively few individuals representing any one of them is also a characteristic of a clean water association (see <u>sensitive organisms</u>, tolerant association).

community

An aggregation of organisms within a specified area; all forms of life inhabiting a common environment.

competition

The effort of two or more individuals or species of a <u>community</u> to utilize some of the same environmental resources.

consumers

Heterotrophic organisms, chiefly animals, that ingest other organisms or particulate organic matter. Often they are divided into primary consumers (<u>herbivores</u>), secondary consumers (<u>carnivores</u>, which eat primary consumers), etc. (see <u>heterotrophic</u>, tropic level, producers).

critical

Threshold.

critical range

In bioassay, the concentration range which causes an effect for a factor. The concentration range lies between the minimum level or concentration at which no organisms die to the maximum level or concentration at which all organisms die under a given set of conditions in a given period of time.

cultural eutrophication

Acceleration by man of the natural process of enrichment (aging) of bodies of water.

density (population species)

The number of individuals in relation to the space (generally surface area) in which they occur; refers to the closeness of individuals to one another.

depositing substrates

Bottom areas where solids are being actively deposited because the velocity of the water has decreased. These substrates often occur in the vicinity of effluent discharges (see <u>sludge deposits</u>).

detritus

Fragments of organic material in the water or on the bottom of a waterway.

diatom

A ubiquitous, unicellular alga of the phylum Chrysophyta, which is sampled in water quality surveys as the main constituent of the periphyton community. They are attached to substrates and are the major producers of oxygen in aquatic environments (see periphyton).

direct toxicity

Toxicity that has an effect on organisms themselves instead of effecting an alteration of their habitat or interference with their food supply (see acute toxicity, chronic toxicity, indirect toxicity).

diurnal

- 1. An event, process, or specific change that occurs every day; usually associated with changes from day to night.
- 2. Pertaining to those organisms that are active during day time (see nocturnal).

diversity (species diversity) Pertaining to the variety of <u>species</u> within a given <u>association</u> of organisms. Areas of high diversity are characterized by a great variety of species; usually relatively few individuals represent any one species. Areas with low diversity are characterized by a few species; often relatively large numbers of individuals represent each species.

dominant species

Species of a community which by their activity, behavior, or number, have considerable influence or control upon the conditions that affect the existence of associated species; a species which "controls" its habitat and food web (see *predominant*).

drift organisms

Benthic organisms temporarily suspended in the water and carried downstream by the current (see incidental drift, catastrophic drift).

EC₅₀

The concentration of a substance producing 50% decrease in some observable parameter, e.g., shell growth.

ecological factor

Any part of condition of the <u>environment</u> that influences the life of one or more organisms (see <u>biotic factor</u>).

ecological niche

The role of an organism in an ecosystem; its activities and relationships to the living and nonliving environment; (feeding and nutritional relationships are of primary importance (see habitat).

ecology

The study of the interrelationships between organisms and their environment.

ecosystem

A <u>community</u>, including all the component organisms, together with the <u>environment</u> forming an interacting system.

ecotype (habitat form)

A locally adapted population of a species which has a distinctive limit of tolerance to environmental factors. (Individuals of the same species may appear different morphologically, physiologically in various habitats.)

emergent aquatic plants

Plants that are rooted at the bottom of a body of water, but project above the surface; e.g., cattails, bulrushes, etc. (see <u>floating</u> aquatic plants, submersed aquatic plants).

enrichment

An increase in the quantity of nutrients available to aquatic organisms for their growth (see eutrophication).

enrichment factor

The number of times a substance is concentrated in the tissue of an organism over the concentration in its environment (see biological magnification).

environment

All external influences and conditions affecting the life and development of an organism or community.

equilibrium

The condition in which a <u>population</u> or <u>community</u> is maintained with only minor fluctuations in composition over an extended period of time.

euphotic zone

The lighted region of a body of water that extends vertically from the water surface to the depth at which photosynthesis fails to occur because of insufficient light penetration.

eutrophic lakes

Lakes which are rich in <u>nutrients</u> and organic materials, and, therefore, highly productive. These lakes are often shallow and seasonally deficient of oxygen in the <u>hypolimnion</u> (see <u>oligotrophic</u> lakes).

eutrophication

The natural process of the maturing (aging) in a lake: the process of <u>enrichment</u> with <u>nutrients</u>, especially nitrogen and phosphorus, leading to increased <u>production</u> of organic matter (see <u>cultural</u> eutrophication, oligotrophic lakes, eutrophic lakes).

fall overturn

A physical phenomenon that may take place in a <u>lentic</u> body of water during early autumn. The sequence of events leading to fall overturn include: (1) cooling of surface waters, (2) density change in surface waters producing convection currents from top to bottom, (3) circulation of the total water volume by wind action, and (4) vertical temperature equality. The <u>overturn</u> results in uniform conditions of physical and chemical properties throughout the water mass (see overturn, spring overturn).

flora

Plant life.

floating aquatic plants

Rooted plants that wholly or partly float on the surface of the water; e.g., water lilies, water hyacinth and duckweed (see emergent aquatic plants, submersed aquatic plants).

food chain

The dependence of a series of organisms, one upon the other, for food. The chain begins with plants and ends with the largest carnivores; e.g., phytoplankton, zooplankton, forage fish, game fish.

game fish (sport fish)

Those species of fish considered to possess sporting qualities on fishing tackle; e.g., salmon, trout, black bass, striped bass, etc. Game fish are usually considered to be more sensitive to environmental changes than rough fish.

habitat

A specific type of place that is occupied by an organism, a population, or a community.

herbicide

A chemical substance used for killing plants, especially weeds.

herbivore

An organism that feeds on plant material (see carnivore).

heterotrophic (holozoic)

Pertaining to organisms (primarily animals) that are dependent on organic material for food (see autotrophic).

higher aquatic plants (pond weeds, aquatic vascular plants) Those plants composed of complex and differentiated tissues whose seeds germinate in the water or <u>substrate</u> of a body of water. They must spend part of their <u>life</u> cycle in water. This group includes plants which grow completely <u>submersed</u> as well as emersed and floating-leaf types (see macrophyte).

hypolimnion

The region of a body of water that extends from the thermocline to the bottom and is essentially removed from major surface influences.

identification

The use of a taxonomic key or the equivalent to determine the scientific name of an organism.

incidental drift Random drift of benthic organisms in the water (see drift organisms, catastrophic drift).

incipient lethal That concentration or level of an abiotic factor beyond which an level (ILL) organism could not survive.

indicator organisms A species, whose presence or absence may be characteristic of environmental conditions in a particular kind of habitat. Species composition and the relative abundance of those species in a community are also reliable indicators of water quality.

indirect toxicity Toxicity that affects organisms by interfering with their food supply or modifying their habitat instead of directly acting on the organisms themselves (see direct toxicity).

instar A stage of tissue manufacture and growth in the life cycle of an insect or other arthropod between two successive molts; e.g., the first instar is the stage between the egg and the first molt.

interaction Mutual action or influence among organisms, between organisms and environment, or among environmental factors.

interspecific Refers to relations or conditions among different species.

intertidal zone (Tidal zone).

Liebig's

Shelford's

lentic

Law of Tolerance,

intolerant organisms (Sensitive organisms)

invertebrates Animals without an internal skeletal structure; e.g., insects, mollusks, and crustaceans (see vertebrate).

larva (pl. larvae) The immature form of an animal which is unlike its parents. Larvae are usually self-feeding stages which undergo complete metamorphosis into an adult; in insects, the stage between the egg and the pupa in metamorphosis (see metamorphosis, nymph, pupa).

Law of the Minimum, The growth and reproduction of an organism is dependent on the nutrient substance (such as oxygen, carbon dioxide, calcium, etc....) that is available in the minimum quantity (see limiting factor).

> When one environmental factor or condition is near the limits of tolerance for a species, either maximum or minimum, that factor or condition will determine the success of a species (see limiting factor).

> Pertaining to standing (nonflowing) waters such as lakes, ponds, and swamps (see lotic).

life cycle

The various phases, changes, or stages through which an individual passes from the fertilized egg to death of the mature organism (see metamorphosis).

limiting factor

A factor whose absence, or excessive concentration, exerts some restraining influence upon a population through incompatibility with requirements or tolerance of a species (see Law of the Minimum, Law of Tolerance).

limnology

The science of inland waters.

lotic

Pertaining to flowing waters such as streams and rivers (see lentic).

macroorganisms (macroinvertebrates)

Those <u>invertebrates</u> visible to the unaided eye and which are retained on a U.S. standard sieve No. 30 (openings of 0.589 mm); e.g., clams, insects (see microorganisms).

macrophyte

Plants that can be seen with the unaided eye; e.g., aquatic mosses, ferns, liverworts, rooted plants, etc.

marsh

A periodically wet or continually flooded area with the surface not deeply submerged. It is often predominated by emergent aquatic plants; e.g., sedges, cattails, rushes.

median tolerance limit (TL_m)

The concentration of a substance tested in water at which 50% of the test organisms survive for a specified period of exposure (see tolerance limit).

metamorphosis

Transformation of an animal from one distinctive life history stage to another in its postembryonic development; e.g., in insects, a <u>larva</u> transforming to a <u>pupa</u>. Complete metamorphosis includes the <u>egg</u>, larva, pupa, and adult stages; incomplete metamorphosis lacks one or more stages (see life cycle).

microorganisms (microinvertebrates)

Those organisms which are invisible or only barely visible with the unaided eye. Microorganisms pass through a U.S. standard Series No. 30 sieve but are retained on a series No. 100 sieve (mesh openings of 0.149 mm).

molt

A process of casting or shedding the outer body covering to permit an increase in body size. This is characteristic of arthropods (see instar).

native species

A species that is part of an area's original biota.

natural selection

Processes occurring in populations of species in nature which impose a rigorous test on the fitness of an organism, and which determine which genetic changes will persist and which will perish in the environment.

nekton Macroscopic organisms, e.g., fish, which swim actively in the water

(see plankton).

niche (See ecological niche, habitat).

nocturnal Pertaining to those organisms that are active at night (see diurnal).

nuisance organism Those organisms capable of interfering with man's use of water.

(pests)

nutrients Elements, or compounds, that are essential as raw materials for

organism growth and development; e.g., carbon, oxygen, nitrogen,

phosphorus, etc.

nymph An immature life cycle stage of insects that do not have complete

metamorphosis; e.g., mayflies and stoneflies (see larva,

metamorphosis).

oligotrophic lakes Deep lakes which contain limited nutrients, thus organic production

is low. Dissolved oxygen is present throughout the lake, year round

(see Eutrophic lakes).

organism Any living plant, animal or bacteria.

overturn

The period of mixing, by top and bottom circulation, of previously stratified lentic water masses. This phenomenon may occur in

stratified <u>lentic</u> water masses. This phenomenon may occur in spring and/or fall; it causes the physical and chemical properties of the water to be uniform at all depths (see chemical stratification,

thermal stratification, spring overturn, fall overturn).

parasite An organism that lives on or in a host organism during all or part

of its existence. Nourishment is obtained at the expense of the

host.

pathogen An organism or virus that causes a disease.

pesticide Any chemical preparation used to kill pests, including insecticides,

herbicides, fungicides, etc.

periphyton The aquatic community, composed of diatoms and other algae,

bacteria, fungi and protozoa, which is attached to substrates such

as plants, rocks, mud, and glass.

photosynthesis The metabolic process by which simple sugars are manufactured

from carbon dioxide and water by plant cells using light as an

energy source (see chlorophyll).

photic zone (Euphotic zone)

phytoplankton

Microscopic plants that float on or in the water and are carried by the current (see zooplankton).

plankton

Suspended microorganisms that have relatively low powers of locomotion, or that drift in the water subject to the action of waves and currents. The name means wanderer (see benthos, periphyton, nekton).

pond weeds

(Higher aquatic plants)

population

A group of interacting individuals of the same species, area, or community.

predator

An animal that kills and consumes other animals (see prey).

predominant

Those organisms that are of greatest numerical abundance in a particular community for a given period of time (see <u>dominant</u> species).

prey

An animal that is killed and consumed by another animal (see predator).

primary productivity

The total quantity of protoplasm produced by <u>autotrophic</u> organisms per unit of time in a specified <u>habitat</u>.

producers

Organisms that synthesize organic material from inorganic substances, e.g., plants (see consumers, reducers).

production

The process of producing organic material.

- 1. Rate of <u>protoplasm</u> formation of energy utilization by one or more <u>organisms</u>; total quantity of organic material produced within a given period in a specified habitat.
- 2. Capacity or ability of an organism or trophic level to produce organic material (see primary productivity, secondary productivity).

protoplasm

The living material in cells of plants and animals.

pupa

An intermediate, usually quiescent, stage following the larval stage in insects; from it emerges the adult (see <u>larva</u>).

quality

The composite chemical, physical, and biological characteristics of a waterway describing its suitability for a particular use.

reducers (decomposers)

Those <u>organisms</u>, usually bacteria or fungi, that break down complex organic material into simpler compounds (see <u>producers</u>, consumers).

respiration

The complex series of chemical and physical reactions in all living organisms by which the energy and <u>nutrients</u> in foods is made available for use. Oxygen is used and carbon dioxide released during this process.

riffles

A shallow, usually rocky area, in an open stream where the water surface is broken into waves by wholly or partly submerged obstructions. Riffles usually support a wider variety of bottom-dwelling organisms than other stream sections.

rough tish

Those species of fish considered to be of poor fighting quality when taken on tackle; e.g., carp, gar, suckers, etc. These fish are considered undesirable by man in most situations. Most species in the group are more tolerant of widely changing environmental conditions than game fish.

scavenger

An organism that consumes decomposing organic matter.

secondary productivity

Total quantity of animal (and other <u>heterotrophic protoplasm</u>) produced per unit of time in a specified <u>habitat</u> (see <u>primary productivity</u>).

sensitive organisms (intolerant organisms)

Organisms that exhibit a rapid response to environmental changes and are killed, driven out of the area, or as a group are substantially reduced in numbers, when their environment is changed (see tolerant association).

sessile

Pertaining to those organisms that are attached to a <u>substrate</u> and not free to move about; e.g., periphyton.

seston

All material, both organic and inorganic, which is suspended in a waterway. Bioseston is the living material; abioseston is the nonliving portion.

sludge deposits

Accumulations of settled, usually rapidly decomposing organic material in the aquatic system. A deposit of solids of wastewater origin.

sludgeworms

Aquatic segmented true worms (class Oligochaeta) that exhibit marked population increases in waters polluted with decomposable organic wastes (see bloodworms).

species (p1. species)

An <u>organism</u> or organisms forming a natural <u>population</u>, or groups of <u>populations</u>, that transmit specific characteristics from parent to offspring. Each species is reproductively isolated from other species with which they might breed.

spring overturn

A physical phenomenon that may take place in a lentic body of water during the early spring. The sequence of events leading to spring overturn, include: (1) melting of ice cover; (2) warming of surface waters; (3) density changes in surface waters producing convection currents from top to bottom; (4) circulation of the total water volume by wind; and (5) vertical temperature equilibration. During the summer, thermal and chemical stratification of the water mass will occur (see fall overturn, overturn).

stimulus

An influence that causes a response in an organism (see taxis).

submersed (submerged) aquatic plants

Higher aquatic plants that grow, or are adapted to grow beneath the surface of the water; e.g., ponaweed, coontail, etc.

substrate

The bottom material of a waterway; the base or substance upon which an organism is growing.

stratification (density stratification)

Arrangement of water masses into separate, distinct, horizontal layers as a result of differences in density; this may be caused by differences in temperature, dissolved oxygen, dissolved or suspended solids (see thermal stratification, chemical stratification).

stress

The conditions resulting from an environmental change that disturbs the normal functioning of an animal to such an extent that its chances for survival are reduced.

surface aquatic plants

(Floating aquatic plants).

synergism

The joint action of two or more substances which is greater than the sum of the action of each of the individual substances; e.g., action of certain combinations of toxicants.

synthesis

The production of a substance by the union of elements or simpler chemical compounds.

systematics

(Taxonomy)

taxis

A response to a stimulus; e.g., rheotaxis is a response to current.

taxon (pl. taxa)

Any taxonomic unit or category of organisms; e.g., species, genus, family, order, etc.

taxonomy (systematics)

The science of organism <u>classification</u> with reference to their evolutionary relationship in the plant or animal kingdom; includes the base, principles, procedures and rules of classification.

terrestrial

Growing on, living on, or peculiar to the land, as posed to the aquatic or marine environments.

territory

The area which an animal defends against intruders.

thermal stratification

The layering of water masses owing to different densities in response to temperature. The condition of a body of water in which the successive horizontal layers have different temperatures, each layer more or less sharply differentiated from the adjacent ones, the warmest (or the coldest) at the top (see overturn, fall overturn, spring overturn).

threshold (critical level)

The maximum or minimum duration or intensity of a <u>stimulus</u> that is required to produce a response in an organism.

 TL_{m} (TL_{50})

(Median Tolerance Limit)

tolerance

Relative capability of an <u>organism</u> to endure or adapt to an unfavorable environmental factor.

tolerance limit (TL₁₀. . . 100)

The concentration of a substance which some specified portion of an experimental population can endure for a specified period of time with reference to a specified type of response; e.g., TL_{100} means that all test organisms endured the stress for the specified time; TL_{10} means only 10% of the test organisms could tolerate the imposed stress for the specified time (see median tolerance limit).

tolerance range

The range of one or more environmental conditions within which an organism can function; range between the highest and lowest value of a particular environmental factor in which an organism can live.

tolerant association

An <u>association</u> of organisms capable of withstanding adverse conditions within the <u>habitat</u>. These associations are often characterized by having a lower number of species (compared to a <u>clean water association</u>) and, in the case of organic pollution, an increase in individuals representing certain species.

toxicant

A substance that through its chemical or physical action kills, injures, or impairs an organism; any environmental factor which, when altered, produces a harmful biological effect (see pesticide).

toxicity

Quality, state or degree of the harmful effect resulting from alteration of an environmental factor.

tripton

The dead suspended particulate matter in an aquatic habitat; the nonliving portion of the seston.

One of the parts in a food chain in an ecosystem in which all organisms of that level secure food in the same general manner.

The first or lowest trophic level consists of producers (green plants); the second level of herbivores; the third level of secondary carnivores, etc. Most bacteria and fungi are organisms in the reducer (decomposer) trophic level.

Ubiquitous organisms

Organisms that can tolerate a wide range of environmental

Organisms that can tolerate a wide range of environmental conditions or variations; organisms that are so active or numerous as to seem to be present or existent in all types of environments (see tolerant association, sensitive organisms).

Refers to an <u>organism</u> that consists of only one cell; e.g., blue-green algae, protozoa, bacteria. These organisms may be filamentous or colonial in form.

Animals that have an internal skeletal system; e.g., fish, snakes (see invertebrate).

Alteration of the aquatic environment in such a way as to interfere with a designated use.

A scientific requirement on which a decision of judgment may be based concerning the suitability of water quality to support a designated use (see water quality standard).

A plan that is established by governmental authority as a program for water pollution prevention and abatement (see water quality criteria).

The animals which are part of the plankton.

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vertebrates

unicellular

water pollution

water quality criteria

water quality standard

zooplankton

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APPENDIX

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